

Pour les **exercices 17 à 21**, donnez une primitive de la fonction f sur l'intervalle I :

EXERCICE 17

- a) $f(x) = 2x(1+x)^2$ $I = \mathbb{R}$
 b) $f(x) = \frac{2}{(x+4)^3}$ $I =]+4; +\infty[$
 c) $f(x) = \frac{1}{(3x-1)^2}$ $I =]-\infty; \frac{1}{3}[$
 d) $f(x) = \frac{2}{(4x+3)^3}$ $I =]0; +\infty[$

EXERCICE 18

- a) $f(x) = x(x^2 + 1)^2 - \frac{2}{(4x-1)^2}$ $I =]-\infty; \frac{1}{4}[$
 b) $f(x) = (x^2 + \frac{1}{3})(x^3 + x)^4$ $I = \mathbb{R}$

EXERCICE 19

- a) $f(x) = \frac{2x-1}{(x^2-x+3)^2}$ $I = \mathbb{R}$
 b) $f(x) = \frac{x-1}{(x^2-2x-3)^2}$ $I =]-1; 3[$
 c) $f(x) = \frac{x-3}{(-x^2+6x-5)^2}$ $I =]1; 5[$
 d) $f(x) = \frac{4x^2}{(x^3+8)^3}$ $I =]0; +\infty[$

EXERCICE 20

- a) $f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x-1}}$ $I =]1; +\infty[$
 b) $f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-x}}$ $I =]-\infty; 1[$

EXERCICE 21

- a) $f(x) = \frac{4x-2}{\sqrt{x^2-x-1}}$ $I = [2; +\infty[$
 b) $f(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{1-2x}} + \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+2}}$ $I =]-\infty; 0[$